RULES AND ORDERS UNDER ACT I OF 1904.

POISONS.

RULES FOR REGULATING THE POSSESSION FOR SALE AND THE SALE OF POISONS WITHIN THE LIMITS OF ALL MUNICIPLITIES AND CANTONMENTS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.—

Notn. No. 185, Judicial, dated 12th January 1909, B. G. G., 1909, Pt. I, p. 60.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 2 of the Poisons Act, 1904 (I of 1904), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for regulating the possession for sale and the sale of the poisons within the limits of all Municipalities and Cantonments in the Presidency of Bombay :—

I. The following poisons shall be deemed to be poisons for the purposes of these rules :—

Aconite, Nux Vomica, Perchloride of Mercury (Corrosive Sublimate), Cyanide of Potash, and Stramonium (Dhatura).

The expressions "sell" and "sale" mean respectively "sell by retail" and "sale by retail."

II. No person shall possess any poison specified in Rule I for sale except under a license granted in this behalf by the District Magistrate, or in the City of Bombay by the Commissioner of Police, and no persons not possessing any such license shall sell any such poison.

III. The grant or withdrawal of a license to any applicant shall be at the discretion of the District Magistrate, or in the City of Bombay of the Commissioner of Police, whose decision thereon shall be final.

IV. A fee of Re. 1 per annum shall be charged for each license granted under Rule II and shall be paid before the grant of such license. The license shall be inscribed on a non-judicial impressed stamped paper of the appropriate value : Provided that no fee shall be charged to any person who has already paid the annual fee for a license to possess white arsenic for sale under the rules framed under Section 4 of the Act.

V. A license shall terminate on the death of the license holder.

VI. The District Magistrate, or in the City of Bombay the Commissioner of Police, may for any sufficient cause revoke or cancel any license granted under Rule II.

VII. A license holder shall effect every sale of poison in person.

VIII. A license holder shall not sell any poison to any person unless the latter is personally known to him, or identified to his satisfaction. He shall not sell any poison to any person who appears to him to be under the age of 18 or to any person who does not appear to him to be in full possession of his faculties, or to any wandering mendicant.

IX. A license holder shall not sell any poison of a quantity exceeding one ounce at any one time and to any one person.

X. A license holder shall maintain a register in which he shall enter all sales of poison. The following particulars shall be entered in such register in respect of each sale, *viz.* :—

(*a*) Name of poison.

(*b*) Quantity sold.

(*c*) Date of sale.

(*d*) Name of purchaser.

(*e*) Address of purchaser.

(*f*) Purpose for which the poison is stated to be required.

(*g*) Signature of purchaser (or where purchaser is illiterate, his thumb-mark).

(*h*) Signature of vendor.

XI. A license holder shall maintain in respect of each poison specified in Rule I a stock register which shall contain the following particulars:—

(*a*) Serial number.

(*b*) Date.

(*c*) Amount received.

(*d*) Name and address of person from whom received.

(*e*) Amount sold.

(*f*) Balance in stock.

(*g*) Remarks.

XII. Any Magistrate or Police Officer of or above the rank of Sub-Inspector, and Revenue Officer of or above the rank of Mamlatdar, Mukhtyarkar or Mahalkari, any Medical Officer of or above the rank of Hospital Assistant, or in the City of Bombay the Municipal Commissioner or any Officer of the Health Department of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay authorized in his behalf by the Municipal Commissioner, any Medical Officer holding an appointment by commission under Government, or the Police Surgeon, may at any time visit and inspect the premises of a license holder where poison is kept for sale and may inspect all poisons found therein and the registers maintained under Rules X and XI.

XIII. All poisons specified in Rule I shall be kept in a separate locked almirah or box which shall have the word "poison" in English and vernacular painted on it in red letters. Each small receptacle within such almirah or box shall be marked in paint with the name of the poison contained in it and shall also have the word "poison" in English or vernacular painted upon it in red letters.

XIV. No poison shall be kept otherwise than in securely closed receptacles of glass, tin or earthenware.

XV. When any poison is sold it shall be securely packed in a packet and every packet sold shall be labelled by the vendor with a red label bearing the name of the poison in the vernacular and the number and date of the entry in the register of sales.

XVI. When a license holder also deals in poisons wholesale, the stock maintained for the sale as defined in these rules shall be kept entirely distinct from any stock maintained for the purposes of wholesale transactions.

RULES FOR REGULATING THE POSSESSION FOR SALE AND THE SALE OF WHITE ARSENIC IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

Notn. No. 186, Judicial, dated 12th January 1909, B. G. G., 1909, Pt. I., p. 62.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4 of the Poisons Act, 1904 (I of 1904), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for regulating the possession for sale and the sale of white arsenic in the Presidency of Bombay :—

I. For the purposes of these rules the expressions "sell" and "sale" mean respectively "sell by retail" and "sale by retail".

II. No person shall possess white arsenic for sale except under a license granted in this behalf by the District Magistrate, or in the City of Bombay by the Commissioner of Police, and no person not possessing any such license shall sell any white arsenic.

III. The grant or withdrawal of a license to any applicant shall be at the discretion of the District Magistrate, or in the City of Bombay of the Commissioner of Police, whose decision thereon shall be final.

IV. A fee of Re. 1 per annum shall be charged for each license granted under Rule II and shall be paid before the grant of such license. The license shall be inscribed on a non-judicial impressed stamped paper of the appropriate value: Provided that no fee shall be charged to any person who has already paid the annual fee for a license to possess poisons for sale under the rules framed under Section 2 of the Act.

V. A license shall terminate on the death of the license holder.

VI. The District Magistrate, or in the City of Bombay the Commissioner of Police, may for any sufficient cause revoke or cancel any license granted under Rule II.

VII. A license holder shall effect every sale of white arsenic in person.

VIII. A license holder shall not sell any white arsenic to any person unless the latter is personally known to him or identified to his satisfaction. He shall not sell any white arsenic to any person who appears to him to be under the age 18 or to any person who does not appear to him to be in full possession of his faculties or to any wandering mendicant.

IX. A license holder shall not sell white arsenic in a quantity exceeding one ounce at any one time and to any one person.

X. A license holder shall maintain a register in which he shall enter all sales of white arsenic. The followng particulars shall be entered in such register in respect of each sale, *viz.* :—

(*a*) Name of poison.

(*b*) Quantity sold.

(*c*) Date of sale.

(*d*) Name of purchaser.

(*e*) Address of purchaser.

(*f*) Purpose for which the white arsenic is stated to be required.

(*g*) Signature of purchaser (or where the purchaser is illiterate, his thumb-mark).

(*h*) Signature of vendor.

XI. A license holder shall maintain a stock register which shall contain the following particulars :—

(*a*) Serial Number

(*b*) Date.

(*c*) Amount received.

(*d*) Name and address of person from whom received.

(*e*) Amount sold.

(*f*) Balance in stock.

(*g*) Remarks.

XII. Any Magistrate, or Police Officer of or above the rank of Sub-Inspector, any Revenue Officer of or above the rank of Mamlatdar, Mukhtyarkar or Mahalkari, any Medical Officer of or above the rank of Hospital Assistant, or in the City of Bombay the Municipal Commissioner or any Officer of the Health Department of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, authorized in this behalf by the Municipal Commissioner, any Medical Officer holding an appointment by Commission under Government or the Police Surgeon, may at any time visit and inspect the premises of a license holder where white arsenic is kept for sale and may inspect the stock found therein and the registers.

XIII. White arsenic shall be kept in a separate locked almirah or box which shall have the word "poison" in English and vernacular painted on it in red letters. Each small receptacle within such almirah or box shall be marked in paint with the name of the poison contained in it and shall also have the word "poison" in English and vernacular painted upon it in red letters.

XIV. No white arsenic shall be kept otherwise than in securely closed receptacles of glass, tin or earthenware.

XV. When any white arsenic is sold it shall be securely packed and every packet sold shall be labelled by the vendor with a red label bearing the name of the poison in the vernacular and the number and date of the entry in the register of sales.

XVI. A license holder shall not sell powdered white arsenic to any person, unless the same is, before the sale thereof, mixed with soot, indigo or Prussian blue at least to one pound of the white arsenic, and so in proportion for any greater or less quantity.

XVII. When a license holder also deals in white arsenic wholesale, the stock maintained for sale as defined in these rules shall be kept entirely distinct from any stock maintained for the purpose of wholesale transactions.

REPEALING BOMBAY ACT VIII OF 1866 IN THE TERRITORIES FOR THE TIME BEING ADMINISTERED BY THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY IN COUNCIL.

Notn. No. 184, Judicial, dated 12th January 1909, B. G. G. 1909, Pt. I, p. 60.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 11 of the Poisons Act, 1904 (I of 1904), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that Bombay Act VIII of 1866 (an Act to regulate and restrict the sale of Poisons in the Bombay Presidency) is hereby repealed in the territories for the time being administered by the said Governor of Bombay in Council.

RULES AND ORDERS UNDER ACT VIII OF 1904.

UNIVERSITIES.

FIXING THE DATE ON WHICH THE ACT TO COME INTO FORCE IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

Notn. No. 1220, Educational, dated 2nd July 1904, B. G. G., 1904, Pt. I, p. 906.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 1, sub-section (2), of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the eighteenth day of July 1904 as the date on which the said Act shall come into force in the Bombay Presidency.

SANCTIONING THE AFFILIATION OF THE POONA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE TO THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY FOR THE PURPOSES OF EXAMINATIONS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF AGRICULTURE.

Notn. No. 2062, Educational, dated 25th November 1907, B. G. G., 1907, Pt. I, p. 1923.

Under Section 21 (3) of the Indian Universities Act, VIII of 1904, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the affiliation of the undermentioned institution to the Bombay University with effect from 1st January 1908 for the course of instruction specified below :—

Poona Agricultural College—In the Faculty of Engineering for the purposes of the examinations for the Degree of Bachelor of Agriculture.

DEFINING TERRITORIAL LIMITS OF POWERS.

Govt. of India, Home dept., Notn. No. 717, dated 20th August 1904, republished in Govt. Notn. No. 1594, Educational, dated 30th August 1904, B. G. G., 1904, Pt. I, p. 1205.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 27 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), the Governor General in Council is pleased to define the territorial limits hereinafter set forth below as those within or in